In this bulletin particulars are given of writs issued and orders granted for divorce, judicial separation, annulment of marriage and restitution of conjugal rights during the year 1958, with comparative data for previous years. Particulars are shown also of divorces made absolute during 1958 classified according to grounds for divorce and sex of the petitioner, classified by ages of husbands and wives at marriage, by duration of marriage and issue, and by age at the time of divorce.

## Writs Issued and Orders Granted

Writs issued during 1958 were:- For divorce judicial separation nullity of marriage restitution of conjugal rights	791 nil 5
Orders made during the year were:- For divorce nisi divorce absolute judicial separation nullity of marriage restitution of conjugal rights	537 483 5 9

The following table compares particulars of writs issued and orders granted during 1958 with those of the preceding seven years:-

TABLE 1. WRITS ISSUED AND ORDERS GRANTED, SINCE 1951.

D 11 7	YEARS										
Particulars	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958			
WRITS Divorce Judicial Separation Nullity of Marriage	812 - -	805 2 5	921 1 2	832 1 6	824 <del>-</del> 9	754 1 15	767 - 11	791 - 5			
Total	812	812	924	839	833	770	778	796			
ORDERS Divorce - Nisi Absolute Judicial Separation Nullity of Marriage	608 637 1 4	596 581 1 3	634 628 2 8	654 594 2 4	516 624 - 4	613 56 <b>7</b> 2	482 529 1 8	537 483 5 9			
RESTITUTION OF CONJUGAL RIGHTS Writs Orders	-	-	_	-	1 -	1	-	1			

The annual number of writs issued reached a record high level in 1953 when 924 writs were issued. In the next three years the numbers declined slightly but in 1957 and 1958 a slight upward movement has again become apparent. The great majority of writs issued have been for divorce. Writs for judicial separation and nullity of marriage issued over the last eight years have totalled only 5 and 53 respectively, while there have been only two writs in that time for restitution of conjugal rights.

The annual number of divorces absolute reached a peak in 1947 when 695 orders were granted. However, it should be noted that a rise or fall in the number of writs issued during a year does not necessarily result in a similar movement in divorces absolute in that year, because (a) the number of actions awaiting trial at the end of each year varies considerably and (b) decrees nisi cannot be made absolute for at least six months.

In Table 2A, divorces absolute and annulments of marriage are classified according to grounds.

TABLE 2A. DIVORCES ABSOLUTE AND ANNULMENTS OF MARRIAGE CLASSIFIED BY GROUNDS

Grounds for Divorce				Ye	ar			
or Nullity	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
DIVORCES ABSOLUTE Adultery Desertion Habitual Cruelty Insanity Drunkenness Failure to Maintain Other	234 311 74 6 9 2	230 252 86 1 8 4	240 264 107 3 10 3	216 248 113 4 6 3	238 251 113 4 9 6 3	208 239 103 - 11 3	190 206 111 3 9 2	203 184 82 1 4 1 8
Total	637	581	628	594	624	567	529	483
ANNULMENTS OF MARRIAGE Impotence Bigamy Invalid Marriage	3 1 -	2 1 -	4 2 2	4 -	1 2 1	1 2 2	5 2 1	6 2

In the immediate post-war period adultery was the main ground for divorce (of the 1,953 divorces absolute granted in the three years 1945 to 1947, 1,197 were for adultery compared with only 585 for desertion and 101 for habitual cruelty). Subsequently divorces for adultery have become much less frequent and since 1949 have been less than those for desertion in each year except 1958 when divorces for adultery were again slightly greater in number.

In Table 2B, the figures shown in Table 2A for divorces absolute are dissected according to sex of petitioner.

TABLE 2B. DIVORCES ABSOLUTE GRANTED CLASSIFIED BY SEX OF PETITIONER AND GROUNDS.

Grounds for				Ye	ar		-	
Divorce	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
			IVORCES		TION OF	HUSBAN	IDS	
12.74		405	4.45	400	138	140	121	126
Adultery	119	125	145	129		117	101	87
Desertion	143	116	113	124	115			
Habitual Cruelty	3	6	4	5	(	5	6	5
Insanity	3	1	3	3	4	down.	2	-
Drunkenness	_	1	1	1		1	-	-
Failure to Maintain		-	849			-		-
Other		****		2	3	1	3	2
Total	268	249	266	264	267	264	233	220
			andago na mandalan na mandalan di dajan i gazanta a na na Gardanda					
		D	IVORCES	ON PET	ITION OF			
Adultery	115	105	95	87	100	68	69	77
Desertion	168	136	151	124	136	122	105	97
Habitual Cruelty	71	80	103	108	106	98	105	77
Insanity		_	100	1	-	_	_	1
Drunkenness	3	7	9	5	9	10	9	4
Failure	9	(	3	3	6	3	2	4
Failure to Maintain	2	4	3	2	_	2	5	6
Other	1	4000	1			303	296	263
Total	369	232	362	330	357	303	4,70	203

During the years 1945 and 1946 (the first for which details of the sex of petitioners are available), the majority of divorces absolute granted were on the petition of husbands In each subsequent year, however, there were more divorces granted on the petition of wives, and the proportion in 1958 (54.4% of the total) is fairly representative of figures for the last eleven years.

Divorces on the petition of wives are now granted in almost equal numbers on the crounds of desertion, adultery and habitual cruelty, but few orders on this latter ground are granted to males. In recent years about 96% of all divorces on the petition of husbands have been for adultery or desertion.

Table 3 shows the ages at time of marriage of husbands and wives divorced during 1958.

TABLE 3. DIVORCES ABSOLUTE CLASSIFIED BY AGE AT MARRIAGE, 1958.

Age of Husband	1958 Age of Wife												
TILLO V CANADA	Under 20	20-24	25 <del>-</del> 29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45 & over	Not Stated	Total				
Under 20 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 34 35 - 39 40 - 44 45 & Over Not stated	8 89 35 6 2 - 1	11 109 64 15 8 3	17 30 13 5 1	10 5 6 1 -	- 4 - 7 4 2	1 1 3 1 1 -	2 - 3	- - - - - 15	19 215 144 40 33 10 7				
Total 1958	141	210	66	22	17	7	5	15	483				

In recent years, only about 22% of all brides married before reaching 20 years of age. However, 141, or 30% of the 468 wives divorced in 1958 (whose ages at marriage are known) were under 20 years of age when married.

In Table 4, details are shown of the duration and issue (living children under 16 years) of marriages in respect of which divorces absolute were granted in the year 1958, and totals for years 1955 to 1957.

TABLE 4. DIVORCES ABSOLUTE CLASSIFIED BY DURATION OF MARRIAGE AND ISSUE

Duration of Marriage		Living	Child	1957	1956	1955					
(years)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6 & .over	Total	Total	Total	Total
0 - 4 5 - 9 10 - 14 15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 34 35 - 39 40 - 44 45 and over	26 56 36 13 9 8 10 5	10 57 38 15 17 5	1 21 35 19 9 2	2 12 25 15 3 -	- 2 8 12 3 - -	1 1	3	39 150 142 78 41 16 10 5	59 179 125 79 42 23 16 3	62 203 130 85 45 21 13 3 4	65 210 147 90 52 32 17 5
Total 1958 1957 1956 1955	165 197 222 245	142 146 159 190	87 106 132 121	57 53 36 44	25 20 12 14	4 5 6 4	3 2 = 6	483	529	567	624

In each of the four years for which details are shown in the above table, more of the divorces granted were in the 5 to 9 year duration group than in any of the other quinquennial groups. This appears to indicate that the probability of divorce rises gradually during the first few years of marriage, and reaches a peak when the marriage has lasted between four and ten years, and thereafter declines gradually.

From 1955 to 1958, the total annual number of divorces absolute granted, fell from 624 to 483, during which periods there was a considerable decrease in divorces of couples with less than three children under the age of 16 years. On the other hand, divorces among couples with three or more children increased substantially. Thus in 1958, 18.4% of divorces absolute were in respect of marriages with issue of three or more, compared with a corresponding proportion for 1956 of only 9.5%.

Table 5 sets out the ages at time of divorce of husbands and wives divorced in the years 1955 to 1958, with a cross-classification for 1958.

TABLE 5. DIVORCES CLASSIFIED BY AGE AT TIME OF DIVORCE

Age of			1957	1956	1955						
Husband	Under 25	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45 & over	Not Stated	Total	Total	Total	Total
Under 25 25 - 29 30 - 34 35 - 39 40 - 44 45 and over Not Stated	4 21 8 - 1	- 36 41 15 5 4	4 44 43 16 4	15 29 38 13	- 1 - 9 19 25 -	- 3 8 62 -	- - - - 15	4 62 108 99 87 108	10 70 138 93 86 129	12 101 130 97 79 144 4	18 92 129 106 107 164 8
Total 1958 1957 1956 1955	34 46 48 64	101 110 140 119	111 127 105 131	95 78 96 101	54 73 76 98	73 92 98 103	15 3 4 8	483	529	567	624

In each of the last four years, divorces for husbands reached a peak in the 30 - 34 year age group. This is generally as might be expected from information obtained from Table 3 (that approximately 77% of males divorced in 1958 were aged from 20 to 29 at time of marriage) and from Table 4 (that divorces are at a maximum after 5 to 9 years of marriage).

Similarly the predominance of divorces for females in the 25 - 29 and 30 - 34 age groups can be reconciled with the most common age group at time of marriage of divorced females (20 to 24 years), and the relatively high proportion of divorces after 5 to 9 years of marriage.

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